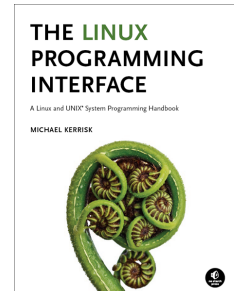


# Building and Using Shared Libraries on Linux

Course code: M7D-SHLIB03

This course provides a thorough understanding of the process of designing, building, and using shared libraries on Linux. Detailed presentations coupled with carefully designed practical exercises provide participants with the knowledge needed to understand, design, create, and deploy shared libraries.



## Audience and prerequisites

The primary audience comprises designers and programmers building and deploying shared libraries on Linux. Systems administrators are likely to also find the course of benefit for the purpose of troubleshooting problems with shared libraries.

Participants should have a good reading knowledge of the C programming language and some programming experience in a language suitable for completing the course exercises (e.g., C, C++). No previous experience of working with shared libraries is required.

## Course materials

- A course book (written by the trainer) that includes all course slides and exercises
- An electronic copy of the trainer's book, *The Linux Programming Interface*
- A source code tarball containing all of the example pro-

grams written by the trainer to accompany the presentation

## Course duration and format

2 days, with around 40% devoted to practical sessions.

## Course inquiries and bookings

For inquiries about courses and consulting, you can contact us in the following ways:

- Email: [training@man7.org](mailto:training@man7.org)
- Phone: +49 (89) 2155 2990 (German landline)

## Prices and further details

For course prices, upcoming course dates, and further information about the course, please visit the course web page, <http://man7.org/training/shlib/>.

## About the trainer



Michael Kerrisk has a unique set of qualifications and experience that ensure that course participants receive training of a very high standard:

- He has been programming on UNIX systems since 1987 and began teaching UNIX system programming courses in 1989.
- He is the author of *The Linux Programming Interface*, a 1550-page book acclaimed as the

definitive work on Linux system programming.

- He is actively involved in Linux development, working with kernel developers on testing, review, and design of new Linux kernel-user-space APIs.
- Since 2004, he has been the maintainer of the Linux *man-pages* project, which provides the manual pages documenting Linux system calls and C library APIs.

# Building and Using Shared Libraries on Linux: course contents in detail

Topics marked with an asterisk (\*) are optional, and will be covered as time permits

## 1. Course Introduction

## 2. Fundamentals of Shared Libraries

- Background
- The static linker and the dynamic linker
- Static vs shared libraries
- Basics of shared library creation and use
- The shared library soname
- Summary: library creation, linking, and loading

## 3. Versioning & Installation

- Shared library versioning
- Shared library real names, sonames, and linker names
- Installing shared libraries
- *ldconfig*
- Constructors and destructors

## 4. The Dynamic Linker

- Rpath: specifying library search paths in an object
- Dynamic string tokens
- Finding shared libraries at run time
- Symbol resolution, interposition, and link maps
- Debugging the operation of the dynamic linker

## 5. Shared Libraries and the Static Linker

- Recording dynamic dependencies
- Handling secondary dependencies at link time
- How the static linker finds library dependencies

## 6. ELF and Program Execution (\*)

- ELF file layout

- ELF sections
- Useful commands: *readelf* and *objdump*
- How programs get run

## 7. Dynamically Loaded Libraries (*dlopen*)

- Opening a shared library: *dlopen()*
- Obtaining the address of a symbol: *dlsym()*
- The *dlopen* API: example
- The *dlopen* API: further details

## 8. Symbol Visibility

- Controlling symbol visibility
- Using version scripts to control symbol visibility
- Preloading shared libraries
- Weak symbols (\*)

## 9. Symbol Versioning

- Creating a symbol-versioned library
- Version scripts: further details
- Advantages of symbol versioning
- Symbol versioning: further details
- Transitioning an existing library to symbol versioning

## 10. Lazy binding (\*)

- Lazy binding

## 11. GOT and PLT (\*)

- The GOT and PLT
- Relocation and the PLT: in pictures
- Relocation and the PLT: code
- Observing the effect of lazy binding on the GOT
- Performance considerations